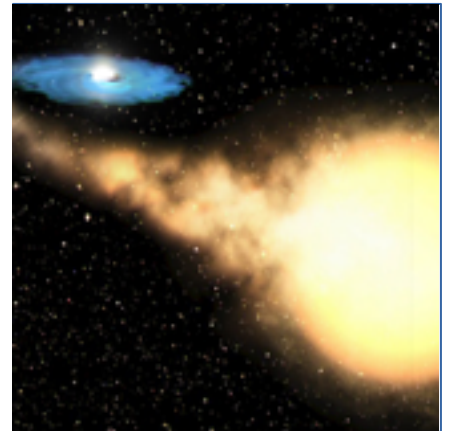
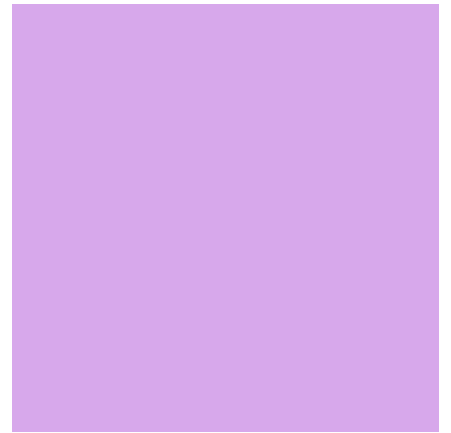


# ATHENA:

## Athena's Constraints on the Dense Matter Equation of State from Quiescent Low-Mass X-ray Binaries



Sebastien Guillot

Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile



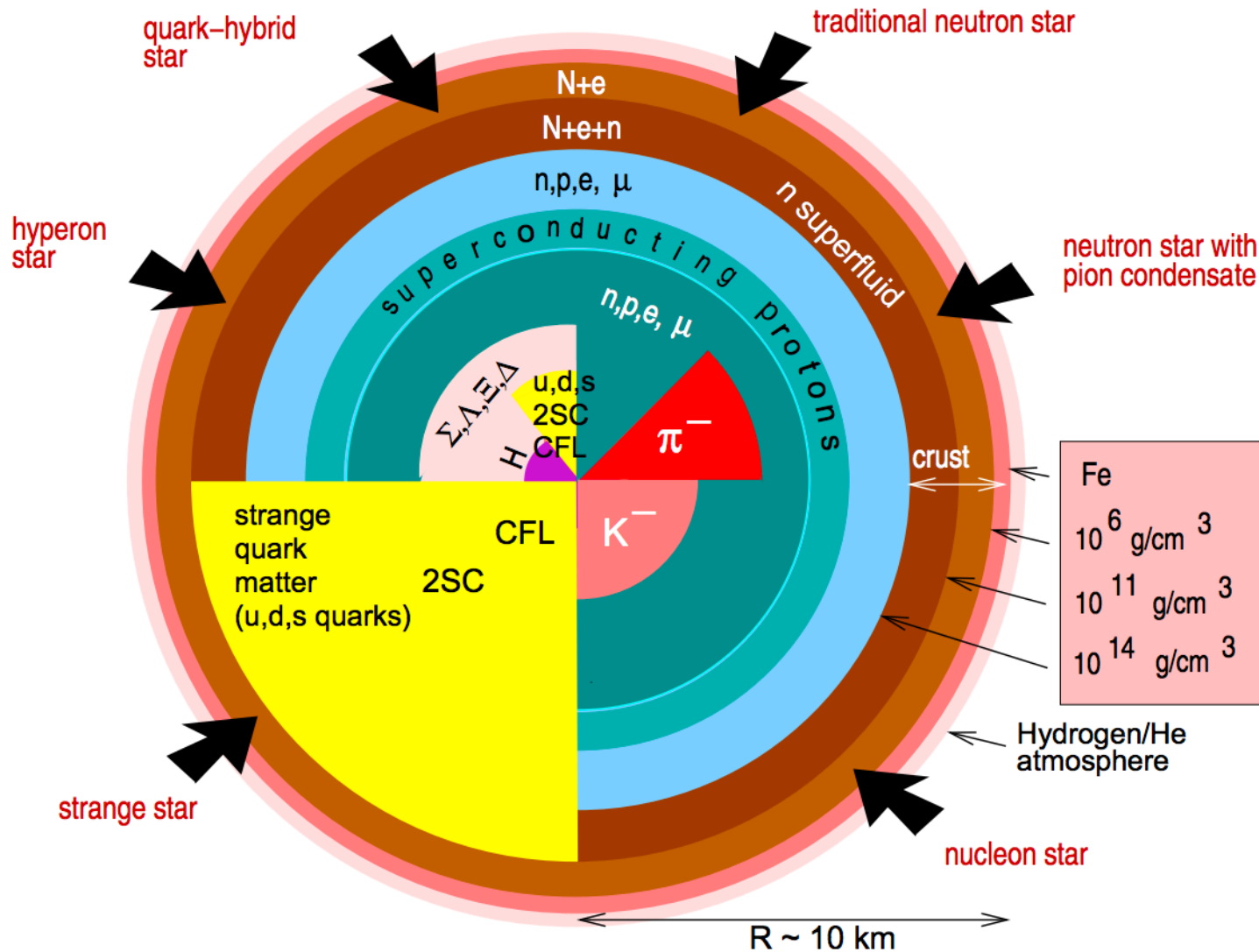
# Observatory Science: R-SCIOBJ-331

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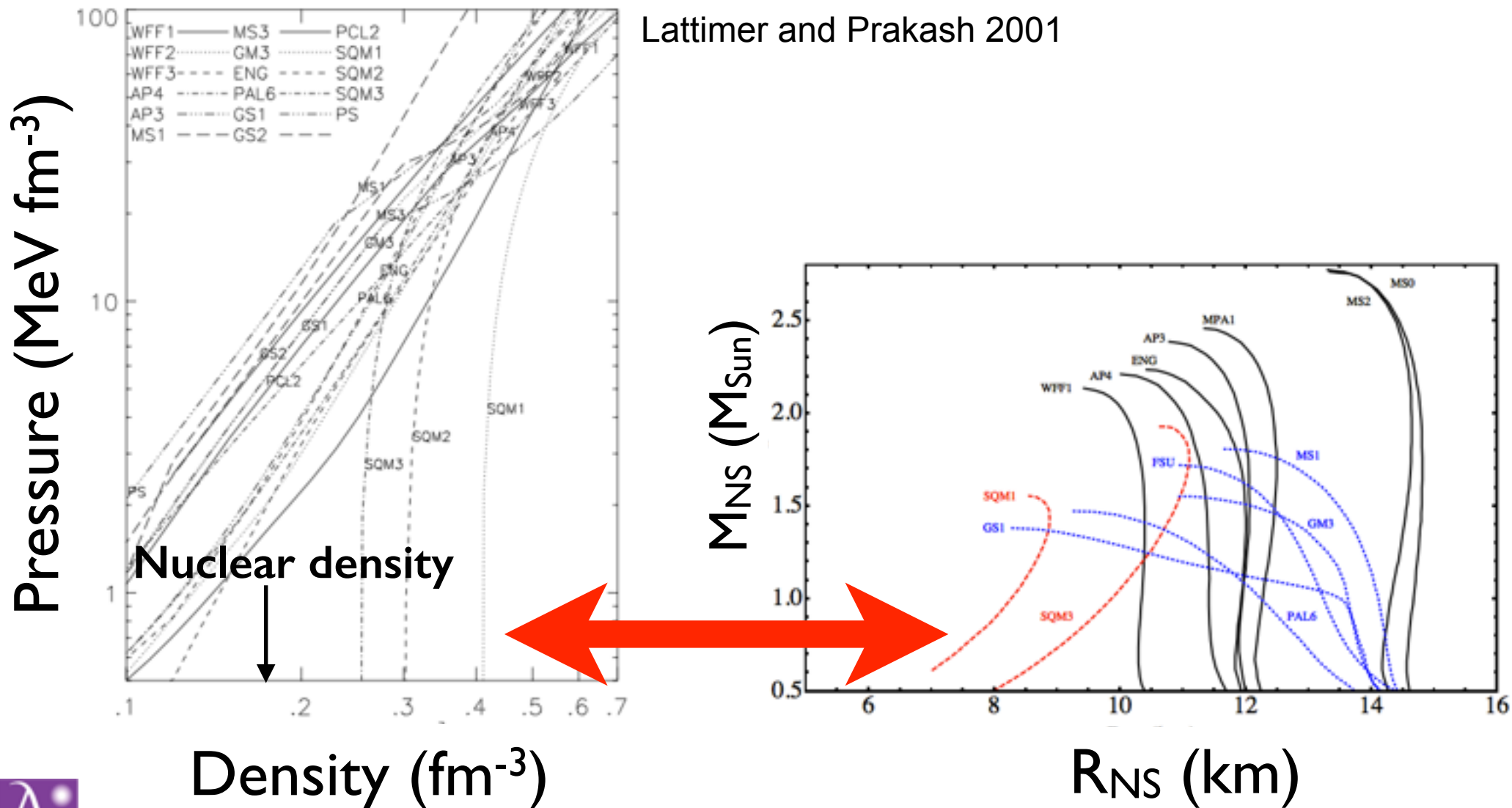
**Athena shall constrain the equation of state of neutron stars by obtaining X-ray spectra of quiescent low-mass X-ray binaries with a good distance estimate**



# The internal structure of neutron stars is still unknown and many theories are proposed.

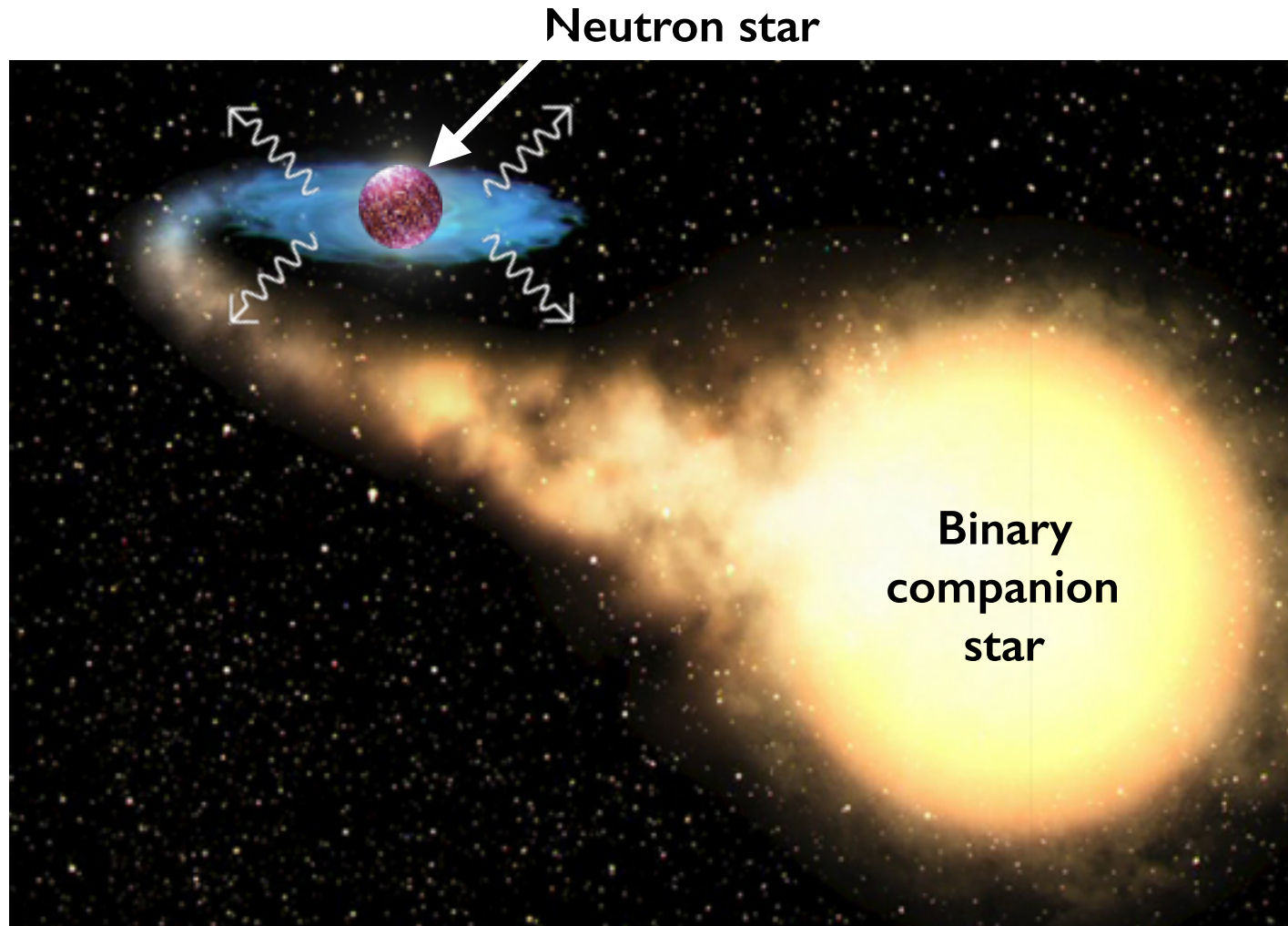


The internal structure of neutron stars is still unknown and many theories are proposed.



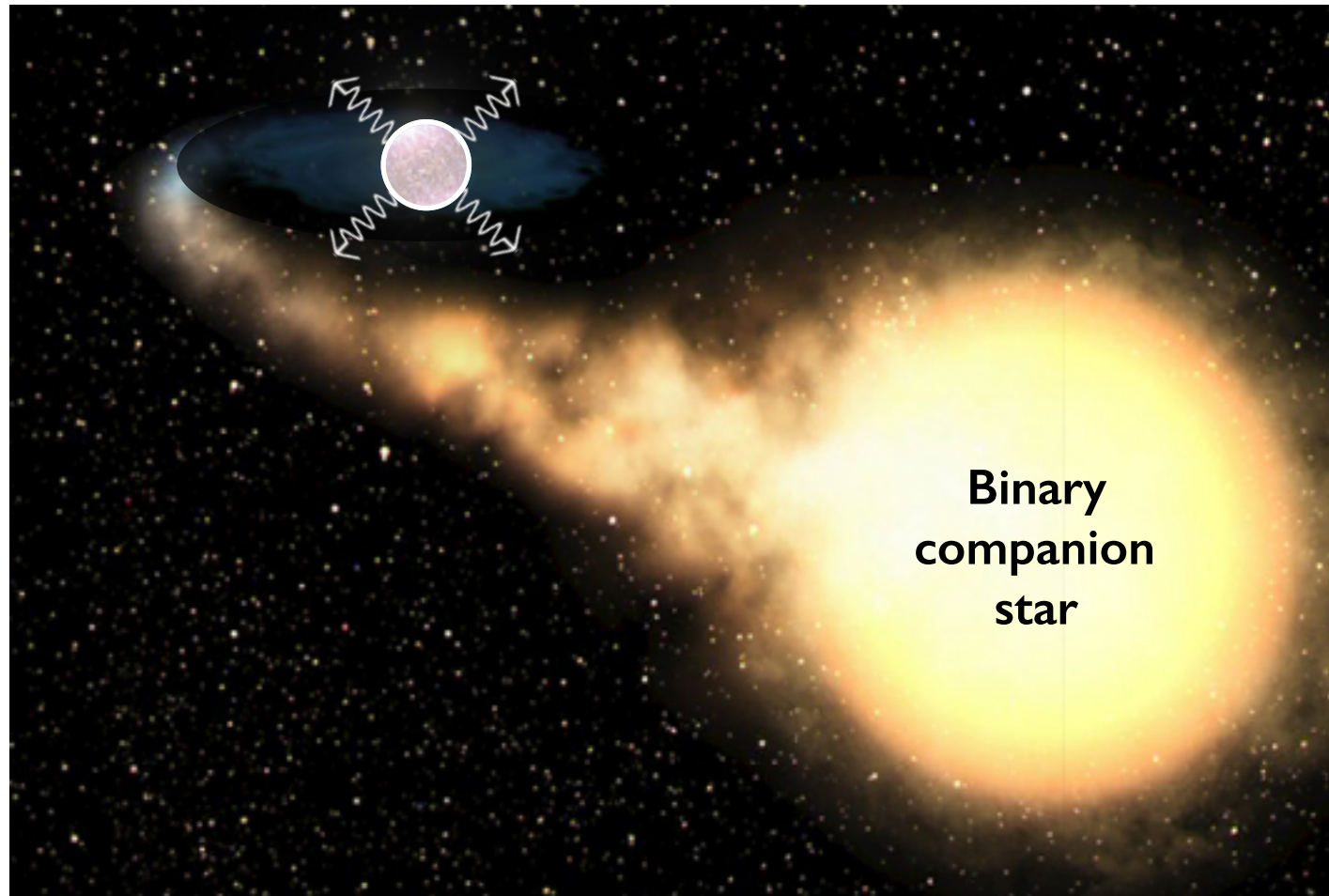
# Low-mass X-ray binaries experience high- and low- accretion states.

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# Low-mass X-ray binaries experience high- and low- accretion states.

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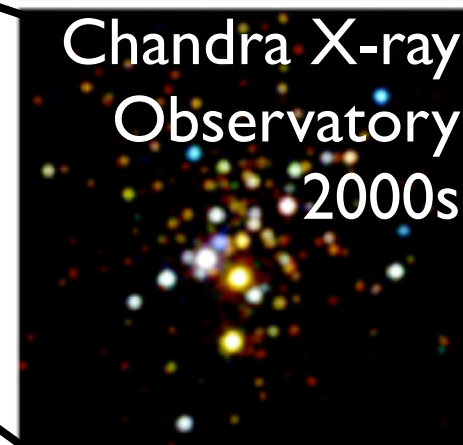
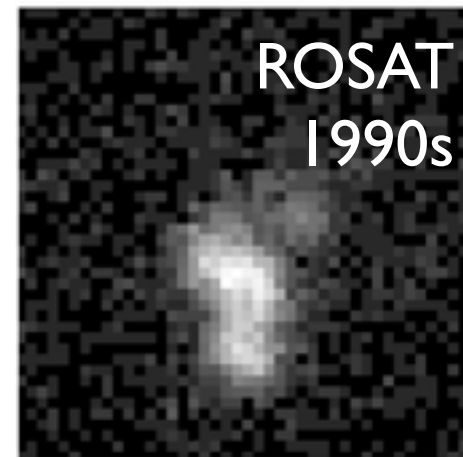
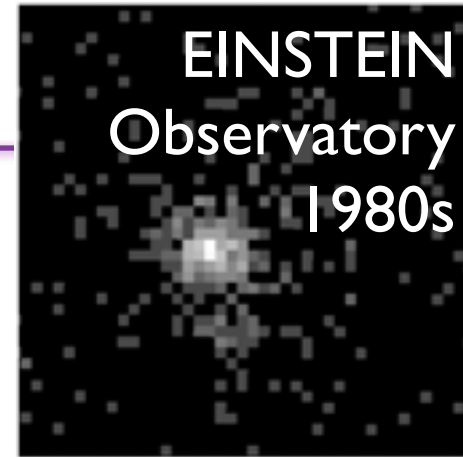
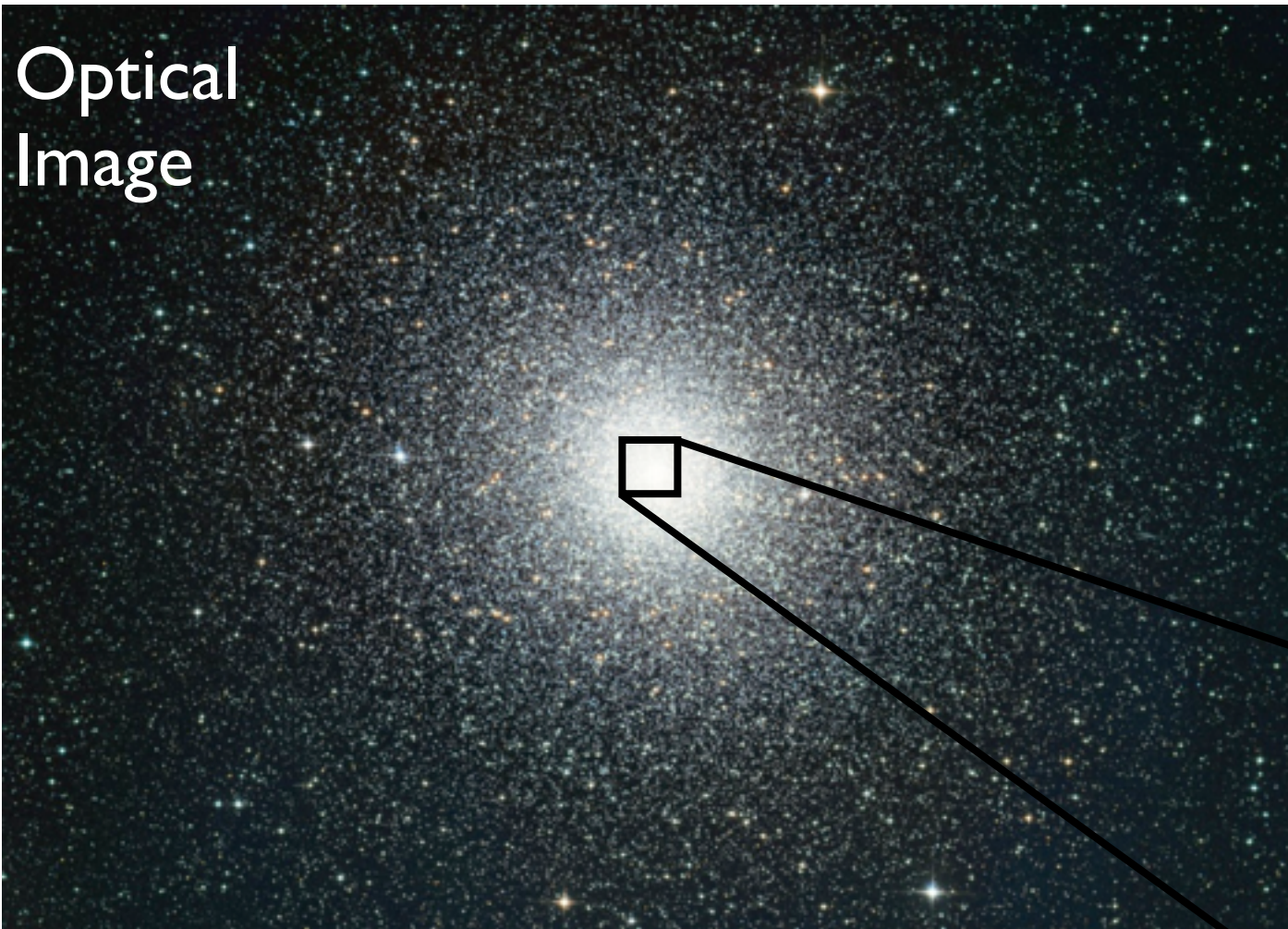
$$F_x \sim 10^{-13} \text{ erg/sec/cm}^2$$





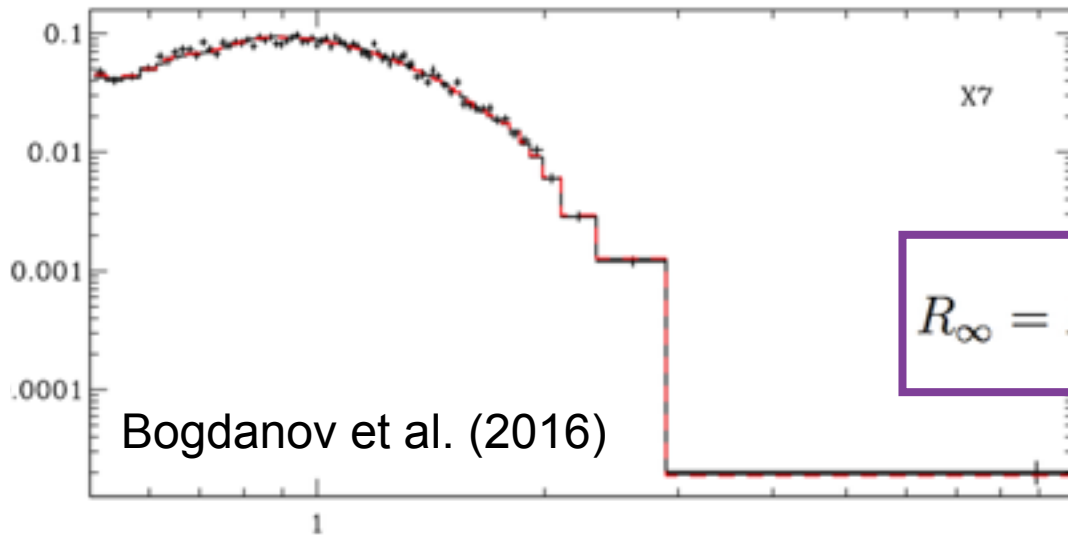
# Quiescent LMXBs inside globular clusters provide the observational solution.

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# Fitting the X-ray spectra of qLMXBs provides measurement of $R_{NS}$ and $M_{NS}$ .

Count rate /sec /keV



Photon energy (keV)

Assuming non-magnetic Hydrogen atmosphere NS with uniform surface emission

$$R_{\infty} = R_{NS} (1 + z) = R_{NS} \left( 1 - \frac{2GM_{NS}}{R_{NS} c^2} \right)^{-1/2}$$

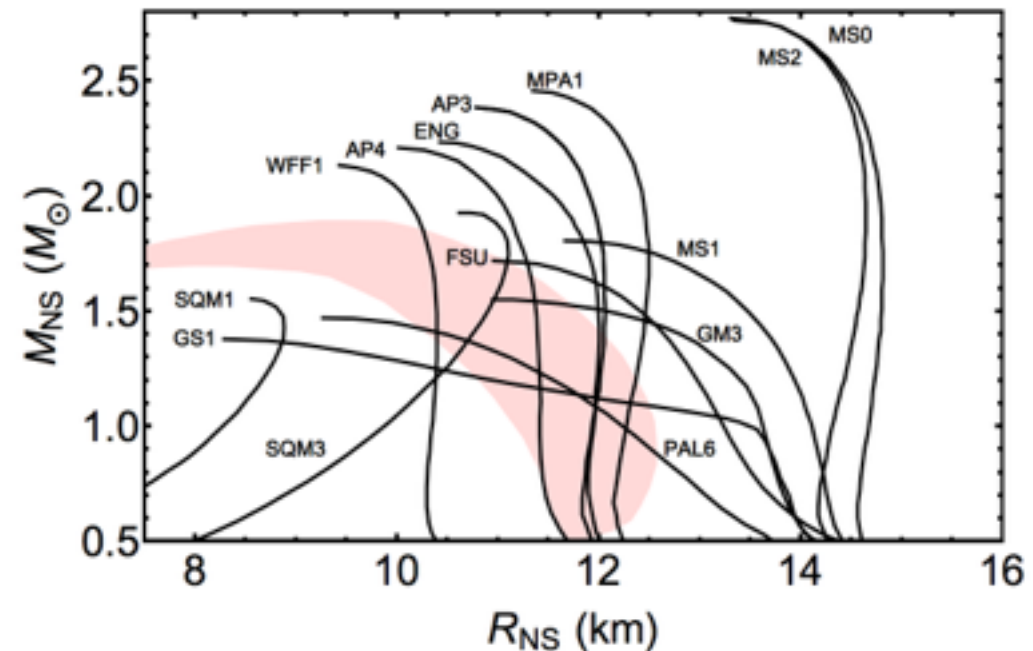
Bogdanov et al. 2016

Guillot et al. 2011, 2013

Heinke et al. 2006, 2014

Özel et al. 2016

Webb & Barret 2007





# For observations of qLMXBs, ATHENA's capabilities will be critical.

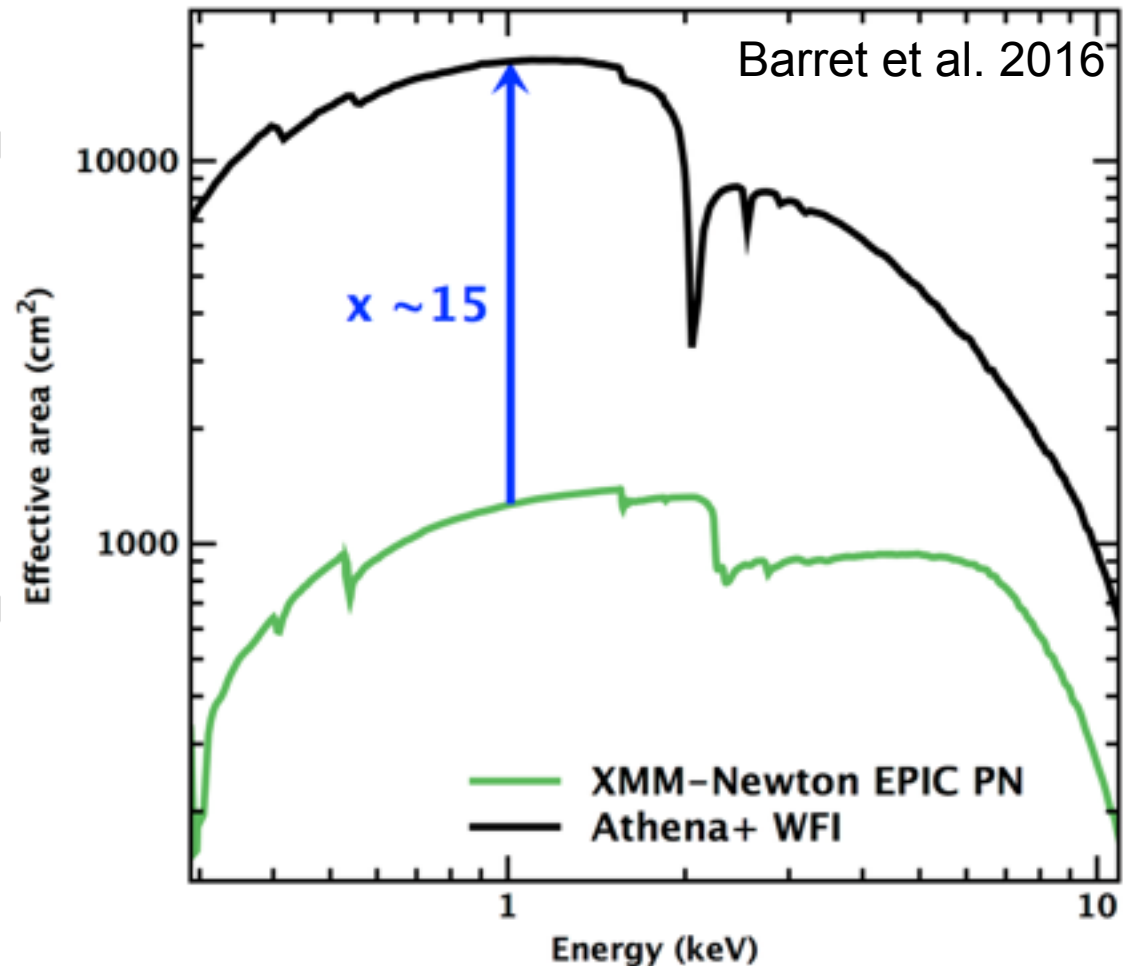
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- High throughput at soft X-ray energies

- High time resolution

- Low background

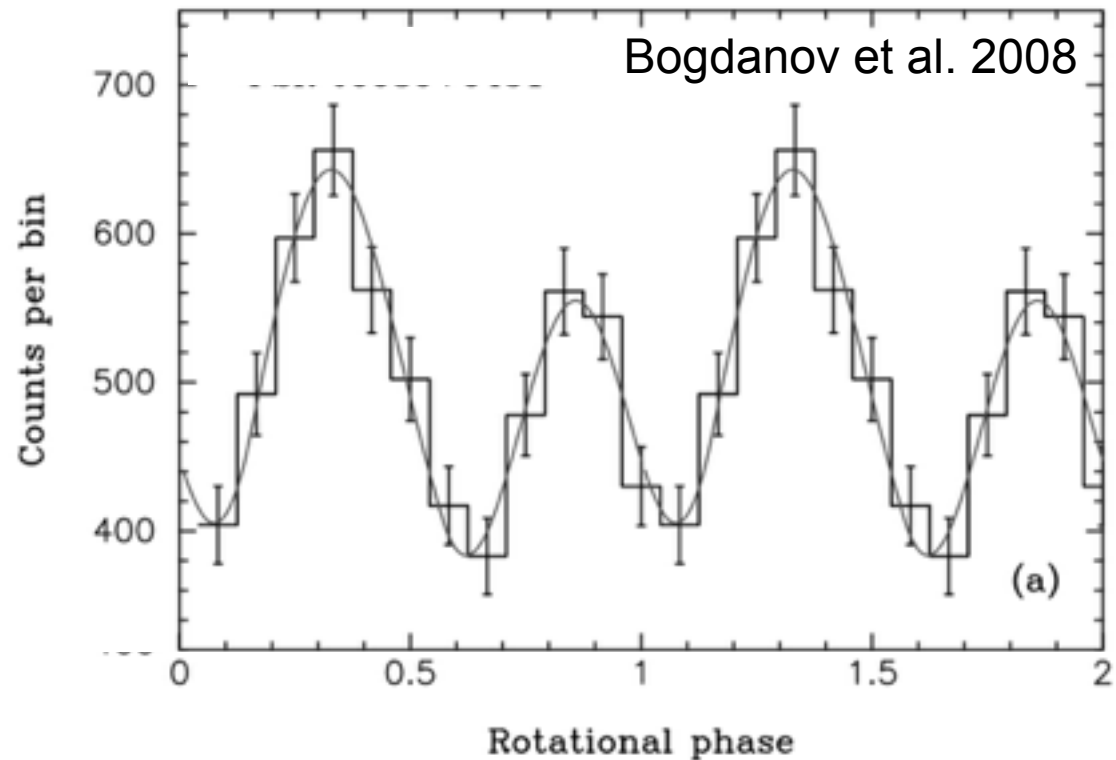
- Good angular resolution



# For observations of qLMXBs, ATHENA's capabilities will be critical.

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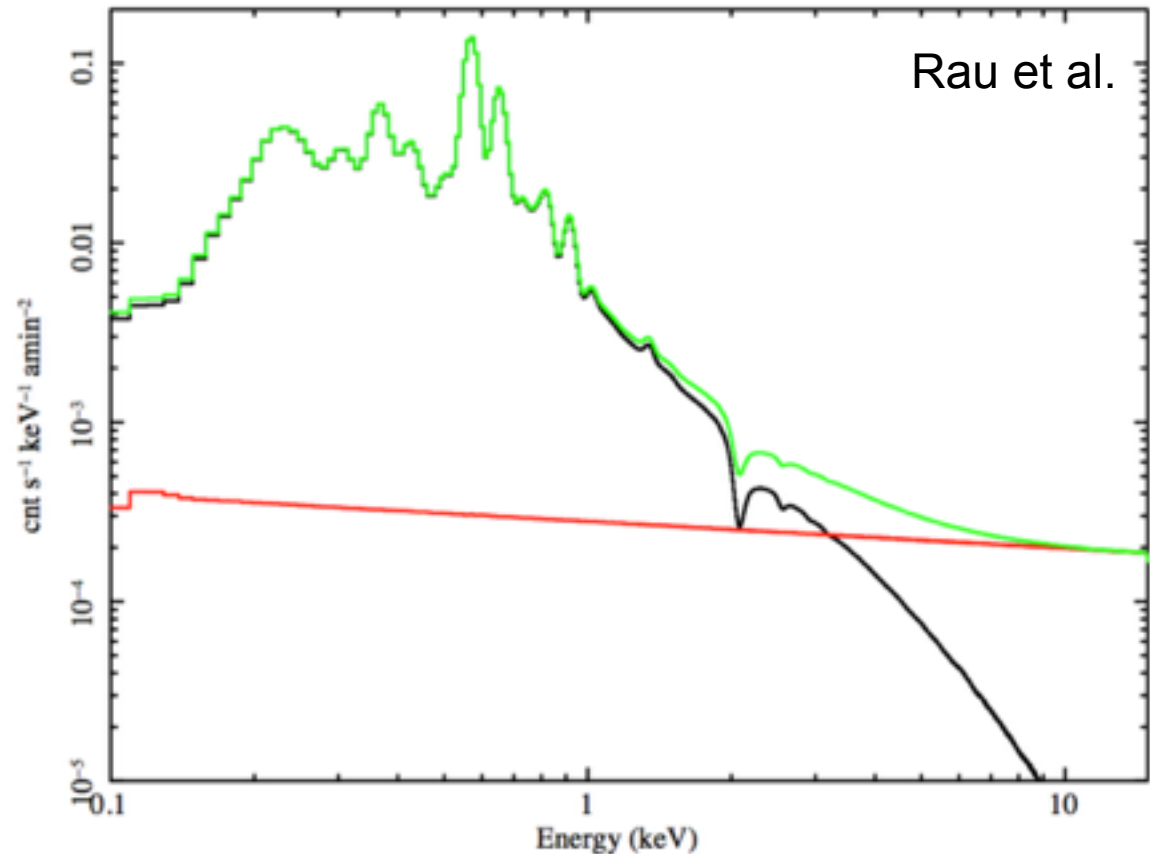
- High throughput at soft X-ray energies
- High time resolution (X-IFU or WFI fast chip)
- Low background
- Good angular reso



# For observations of qLMXBs, ATHENA's capabilities will be critical.

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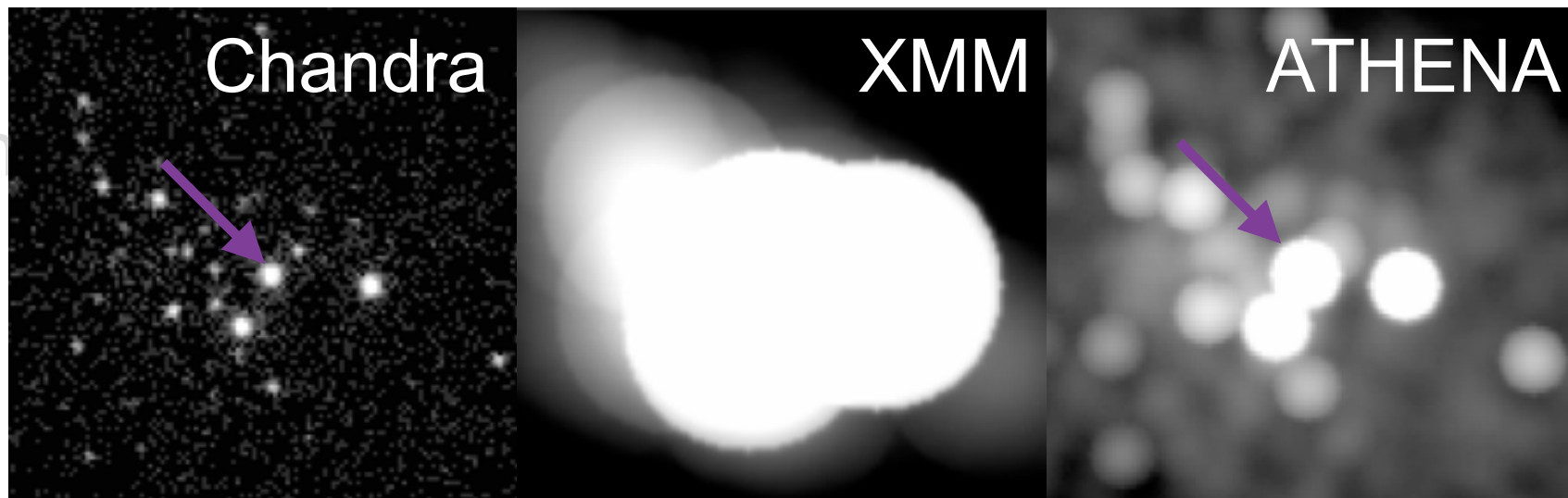
- High throughput and large collecting area
- High time resolution
- **Low background**
- Good angular resolution



# For observations of qLMXBs, ATHENA's capabilities will be critical.

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- High throughput at soft X-ray energies



- Good angular resolution



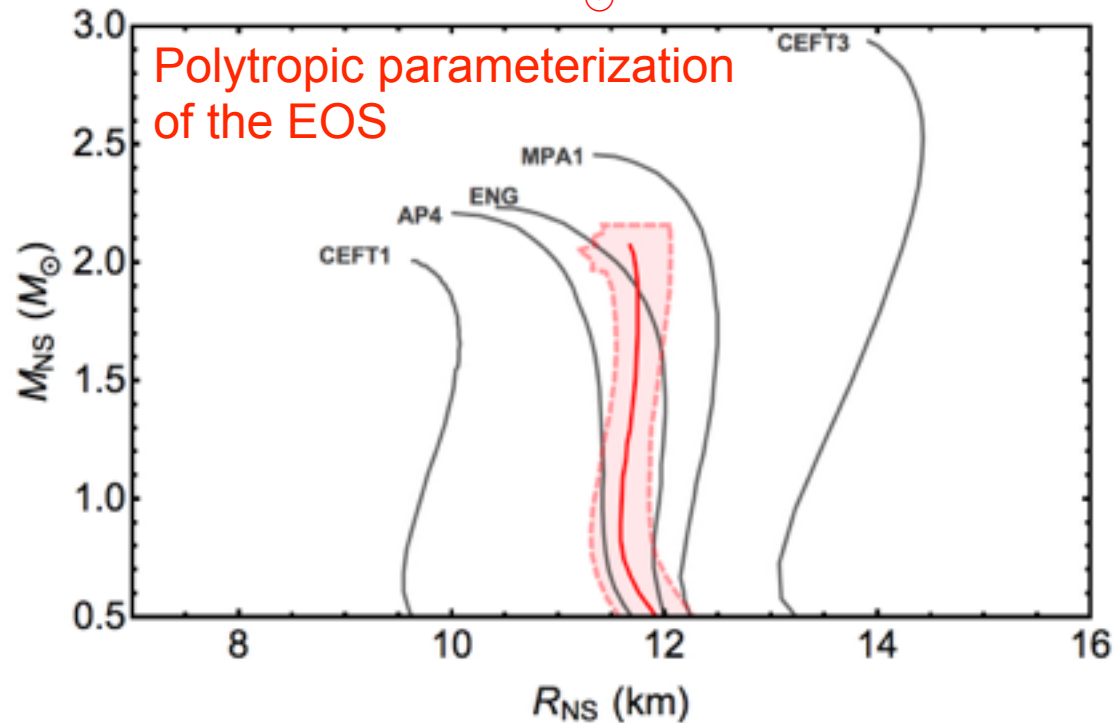
# About 500 ks of qLMXBs observations with ATHENA will place constraints on the EoS.

Host Globular Cluster	qLMXB Flux (erg/cm <sup>2</sup> /sec)	Dist. (kpc)	Exposure time (ksec)
47 Tuc	5×10 <sup>-13</sup>	4.6	10
NGC 6397	9×10 <sup>-14</sup>	2.2	35
NGC 362	8×10 <sup>-14</sup>	8.6	50
M13	5×10 <sup>-14</sup>	7.1	65
OmCen	5×10 <sup>-14</sup>	4.6	75
M80	3×10 <sup>-14</sup>	10.0	95
NGC 6304	5×10 <sup>-14</sup>	6.2	115

**TOTAL: 450 ksec**

Combined analysis of 7 qLMXBs with exposure times sufficient to get 50000 counts for each source

$$\frac{\Delta R_{\text{NS}}}{R_{\text{NS}}} \Big|_{1.4 M_{\odot}} = \pm 1.7\%$$



# Some current limitations will be resolved by X-ray and multi-wavelengths observations.

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- Neutron star atmosphere

Identifying the lightest element in the system

- $M_{\text{NS}}$  -  $R_{\text{NS}}$  degeneracy

Measuring  $M_{\text{NS}}$  independently

- Distance precision

Be patient and wait for GAIA's results

- Presence of a hot-spot

Looking for pulsations, or evidence for two-Temperature spectrum

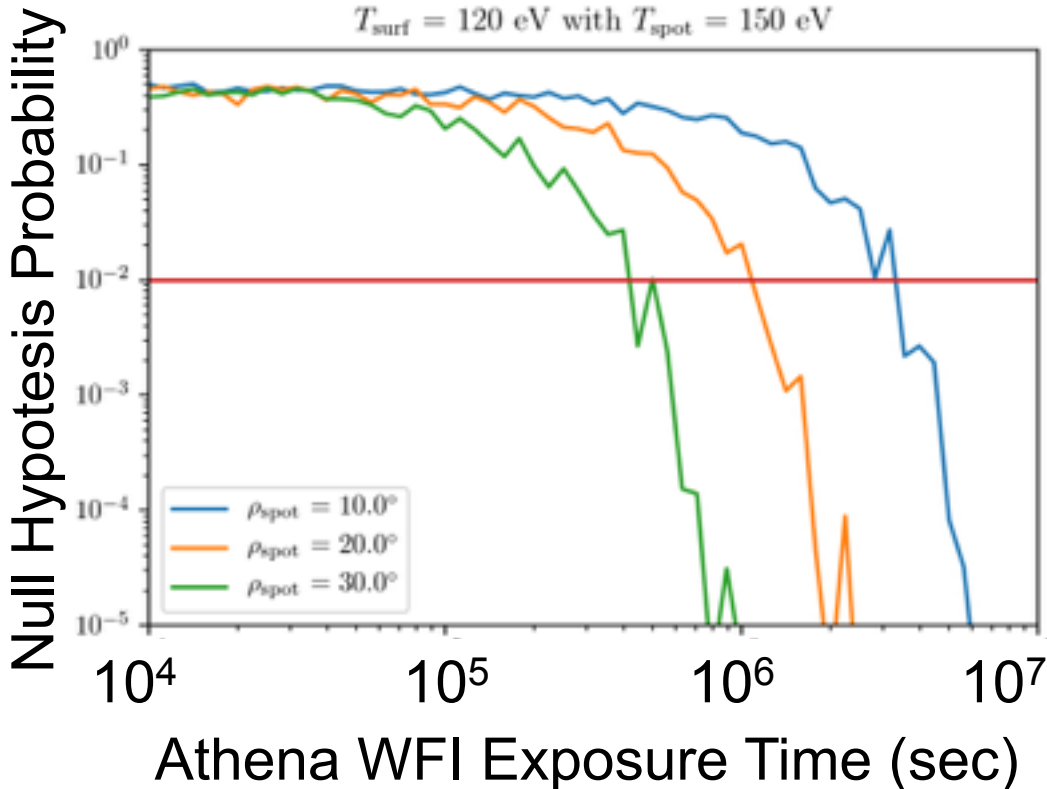


# High Signal-to-Noise X-ray spectra can exclude the presence of a hot-spot.

## Simulated neutron star surface with hot spot, but fitted with single temperature model

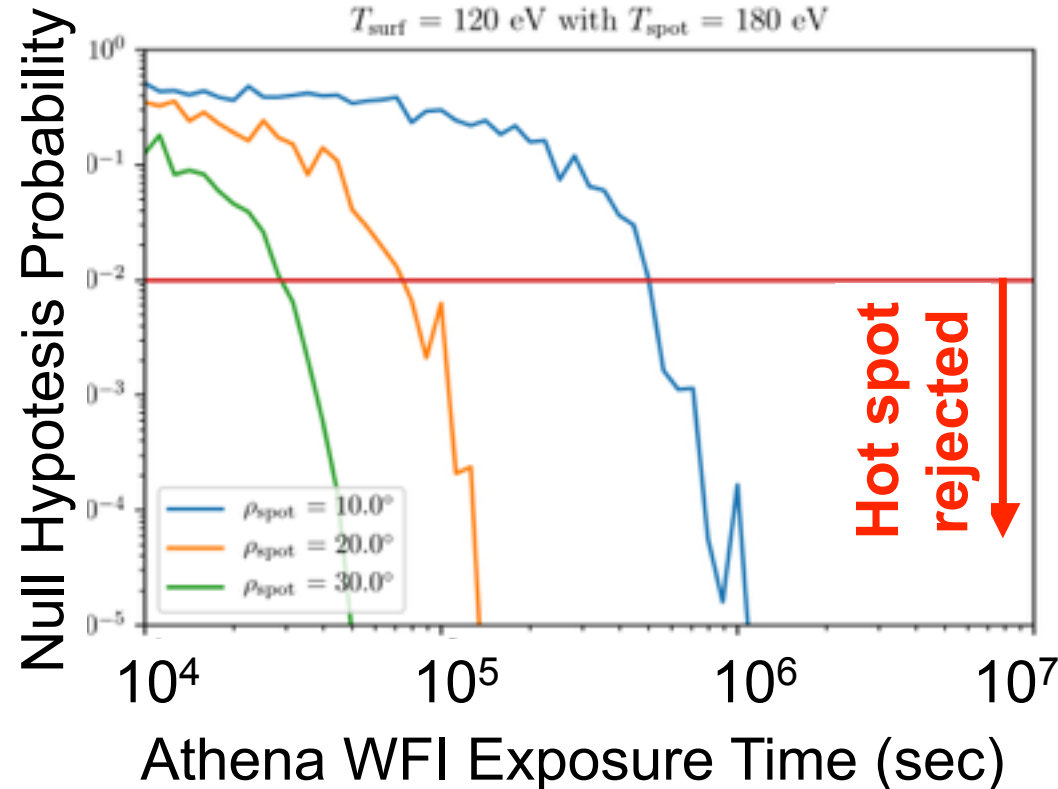
120 eV surface with 150 eV hot-spot

$T_{\text{surf}} = 120 \text{ eV}$  with  $T_{\text{spot}} = 150 \text{ eV}$



120 eV surface with 180 eV hot-spot

$T_{\text{surf}} = 120 \text{ eV}$  with  $T_{\text{spot}} = 180 \text{ eV}$



See Elshamouty et al. (2016) for bias on  $R_{\text{NS}}$  caused by hot spots



# Summary

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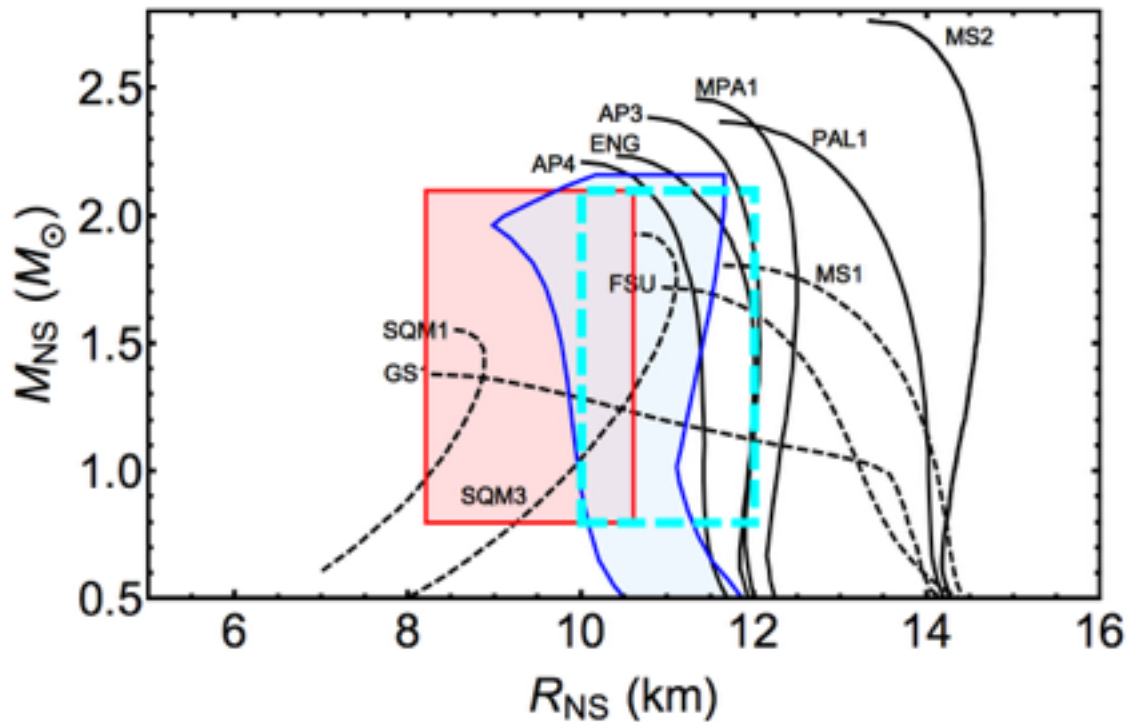
- Quiescent LMXBs offer one of the robust methods to constrain the equation of state
- ATHENA can provide high S/N observations of qLMXBs to constrain the equation of state with high precision
- Synergy with other observatories will limit the effect of systematic uncertainties.
- We could probably use more than 500 ks





# Combining observations into a statistical analysis provides more useful constraints.

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Constant  $R_{NS}$   
Guillot et al (2013)  
Guillot & Rutledge (2014)

Constant  $R_{NS}$   
Guillot et al. (in prep.)

Analytic parametrization  
Özel et al. (2016)

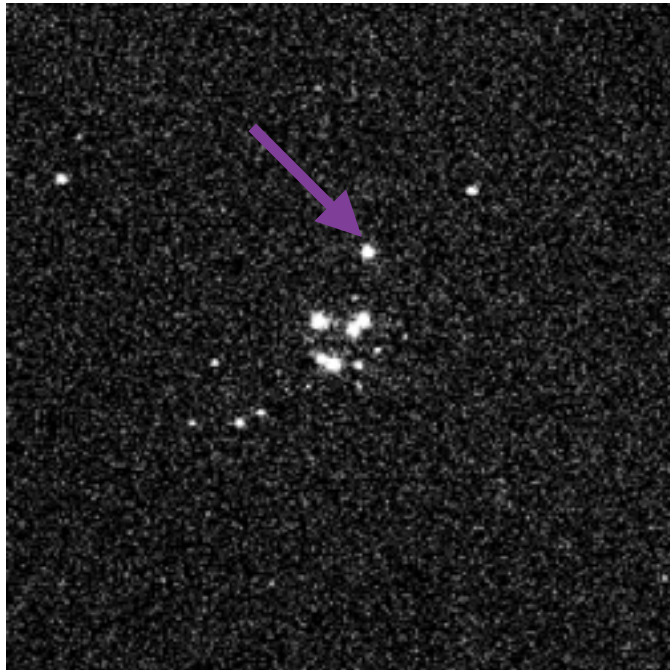
See also the works of:

Steiner et al. (2013)

Lattimer & Steiner (2014)

Baillet d'Etivaux et al. (in prep.)

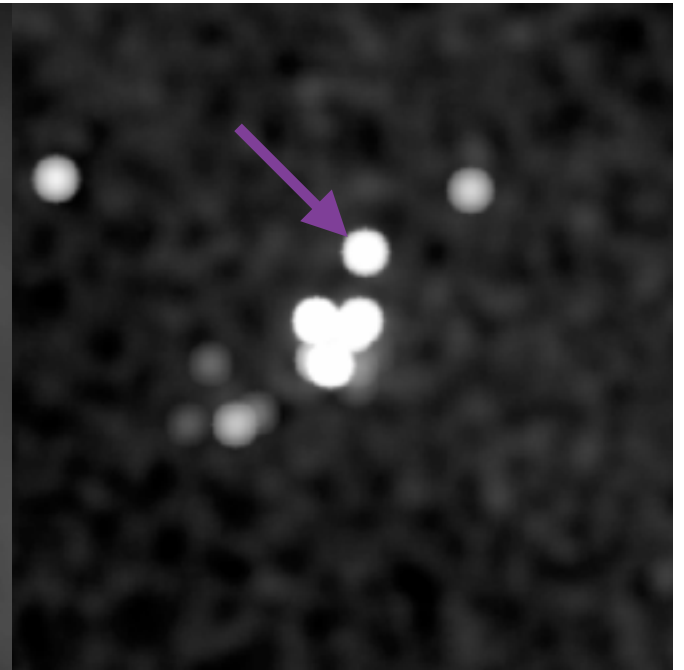




Chandra



XMM



ATHENA